What are opioids?

Often prescribed for pain, opioids are a class of drugs, including:

- Fentanyl, a powerful anesthetic used to manage pain.
- Prescription pain relievers such as oxycodone, hydrocodone, codeine, morphine and others.

How Anthem approaches pain management

An estimated **11% of adults** have daily pain.\(^5\)

We’re focused on being part of the solution. To do that, we give our members access to nonopioid options. Some patients need a variety of pain management treatments and medication to find relief. Here’s Anthem’s approach:

- We assess evidence-based strategies through our medical and pharmacy policies.
- We work with providers to look for and review new technology and medications at least yearly so we can offer the best options available.
- We support coverage of pain relief drugs and nondrug treatments that meet the best clinical practice guidelines and scientific evidence.
- We follow the *Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Guideline for Prescribing Opioids for Chronic Pain*.\(^5\)

Other ways to treat pain

There are many nonopioid approaches to pain relief — covered by Anthem and used successfully by members.

Plus, there are nonmedication options with advanced pain management approaches:

- Electrical nerve stimulation
- Spinal cord stimulators
- Muscle, nerve and/or spinal injections
- Implantable infusion pumps
- Surgical procedures to eliminate the pain source

See the next page for more pain management options.
Nonopioid drug options can help

When deciding which drugs are on the approved list of medications, our medical and pharmacy teams consider which have the best clinical benefit. Other options to manage pain include:

- Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) (such as ibuprofen and naproxen)
- Anticonvulsants (such as gabapentin)
- Tricyclic antidepressants (TCAs) and Serotonin norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors (SNRIs) (antidepressant medications)
- Corticosteroids (steroid injections)
- Skeletal muscle relaxants
- Topical analgesics (cream- and ointment-based pain medications)

Anthem doctors are encouraged to follow the CDC’s guidelines for opioid prescriptions. We’ll keep doing everything we can to help our members get quality, evidence-based treatment and medication options with the greatest benefit and lowest risk of complication or adverse reaction.

movement to manage pain

A common treatment for chronic pain, physical activity may help improve mobility and decrease inflammation and overall pain levels — without requiring extra medication. These activities include:

- Stretching and strengthening exercises
- Doing yoga or tai chi
- Walking
- Water aerobics or swimming

42 million U.S. adults report that pain disrupts their sleep a few nights a week or more.7

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